December 18, 1950

Dr. William L. Langer

Dear Bill:

БТАТ

File Paris Neldenin

Your letter of December 12th has come. I wish it had arrived Thursday for we had a meeting of the Committee on Studies Thursday night and I would have liked to have read it to the members. However, I shall send copies to them at once.

I am sorry that you read insimuations into my letter. I assure you none were intended.

We discussed the project at length and I must tell you at once that the Committee is prepared to deal as generously with you and Gleason as the funds permit. They are prepared to ask the Foundation for an extension of time for the use of the balance, but feel that if this request is to be granted we ought to be able to give the Foundation dates for the publication of the volumes, particularly of the first one.

If you will let me know the approximate dates when you can turn in the manuscripts, we shall proceed at once.

Sincerely yours,

Walter H. Mallory EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

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P.S. I was distressed to hear that the State Department has still not granted full clearance. I had understood from Kennan that he had arranged for it in September.

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COUNCIL ON FOREIGN RELATIONS, INC.

THE HAROLD PRATT HOUSE

58 EAST 68TH STREET

NEW YORK 21, N. Y.

December 18, 1950

Allen W. Dulles, Esq. 1718 H Street, N.W. Washington, D.C.

Dear Allen:

I send you herewith copies of an exchange of letters with Langer. Ham Armstrong tells me that you are meeting him on Tuesday or Wednesday. You will want to look at these before then. I also enclose a copy of a letter from George Kennan which Langer sent me concerning State Department clearance. I believe Ham told you about this, and both he and I thought that the matter was settled.

With best wishes,

__Sincerely yours,

Walter H. Mallory EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

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1 July 18

December 5, 1950

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Dr.	William	L.	Langer	

Dear Bill:

I hope you will forgive me for taking so leng to reply to your letter of Movember 24th. Meanwhile Cass Canfield has sent me copies of his exchange of letters with you concerning the titles. I think also that the sub-title is rather long and dull, but I don't think this is important as long as it is a sub-title. What must not be dull is the title of the individual volume which is the one that is used in reviews and on lists; and those suggested by cass seemed to me to be good. If the title which carries the book is good, the sub-title can be descriptive and perhaps ought to be.

Caruthers tells me that beginning last April your honorarium became \$166.66 a month which was the difference between your salary here and your salary at Harvard. However, this was not put into effect until April 30 when you had already received \$1250. This, therefore, constituted payment in advance and carried through half of November. I understand that a check for the balance of November, \$83.26, has now been mailed to you. Now that you have gone to Washington, I suppose that the salary thing has all been thrown out of gear, but I suggest that we continue until the end of 1950 at the rate of \$166.66 a month. We are continuing Sleason at the rate of \$150 a month for the same period.

I am not sure what the Committee will want to do about the period after January let when the present Foundation grant expires. We have already assumed the rent in Cambridge for the rest of the year's lease, and an unspecified amount for Miss Carney. I know the Committee wanted to try to reserve some funds to help with the distribution of the book. This won't leave much of a balance even if the Committee did agree to go back to the Foundation for an extension. If would be particularly difficult to do that in view of the fact that after more than four and a half years of work there would still be nothing to show the Foundation but an unfinished text of volume I in mineographed form.

I have appreciated the difficulties which you encountered as you went along and have been glad to act as middle-man in explaining them to the Committee, but I am frank to say that this gets increasingly difficult. The Council has a responsibility to the Foundation to account for the expenditure of \$149,000. It is becoming increasingly emberrussed by the fact that your original plan as presented to the Rockefeller Foundation for three volumes to cover the full period of the war, and even your later modified plan for two volumes to cover down only to Pearl Earbor, have still not resulted in even one finished volume; and so far you have not set a date for the delivery of the first manuscript.

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These must be very toying days for you as they will be for everybody else in the United States before many weeks pass.

With kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

Walter H. Mallory EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

P.S. I presume that you have notified Miss Carney that her check on December 15th will be the last on a salary basis, and that you will send us vouchers for any part-time work which she does thereafter.

STAT

Walter H. Mallery, Esq. Council on Foreign Relations 58 East 68th Street New York 21, H.Y.

Dear Walter:

The fact that both Gleason and I are spending long and rather nerve-racking days at the office and then devoting practically every evening and weekends towork on the project may be making us hyper-sensitive, but it seems to us that your letter of 5 December is a rather ungracious one. It seems to contain the insinuation that during the last several years we have been dawdling along spending a let of mency and producing very little in return. I can hardly believe that such an insinuation was intended, but let me say very emphatically that I have rarely worked so hard on anything as I have on this project, and that on many an occasion I have eached myself why in the world I did it.

I have tried to keep you regularly informed on the development of the project, and it seems to me that you ought to be able to recall how, from the very outset, the enterprise has grown and grown far beyond anything that could have been anticipated in 1966. As you know pery well, one of the basic difficulties has arisen from the fact that such rich unterials were made available to us. These materials have made it possible for us to write a much better book than we could have hoped to write, and it has always been our supposition that the Council shared our gratification on this score. In any event, it was none of our fault that the materials assumed such mountainous proportions, and we certainly never felt, as scholars, that we could simply ignore the evidence in order the more quickly to finish the job.

I can only assume that both you and the members of the Committee on Studies have read all or part of the manuscript, but on that assumption I do not see how you can possibly talk about "an unfinished text of volume I in mimeographed form". Volume Immas in shape for the publisher last September, and if it has not yet gone to him, the explanation is simply that we have wanted to incorporate the suggestions made by numerous readers and, more importantly, that thus far the State Department has cleared only Chapters I through III and V through I. I think you must know that I have been exerting every effort to speed action by the State Department and that it is not due to any negligence on my part that clearance has not been obtained. Gleasen and I are trying to see Freeman Matthews this week in the hope of enlisting aid at a higher level, but in any event, you can hardly make us responsible for the delay, in some cases running new to size months, on the part of the State Department authorities.

Another statement in your letter seems to me to be utterly misleading. It is true that originally we had hoped to write a three-volume work covering the entire war period. It very quickly became apparent that that objective could not possibly be attained, and we were therefore obliged to restrict our study to the period prior to Pearl Harbor. The finished

text of the first volume as it new stands runs to shout 375,000 words which is the length of more than three sedimary volumes. The second volume, which is of about equal length, is completely written and requires only revision. In other words, as I figure it, we have, in terms of production, accomplished just about twice what we had hoped to do. It has always been my semimption that the Council wanted a thorough scholarly jeb. Thus far, everybody has been in complete agreement on the scale of the study an on its general expecter. Under the circumstances, I find it difficult to believe now that the Council just wanted to get out three volumes of some kind or another to meet a deadline.

If your Committee is not fully aware of these considerations, I think it should not be difficult for your to explain them. Neither do I see that, under the circumstances, it is such an embarrassing thing to ask the Feundation for an extension of the grant. After all, if the Council is to engage in work of this magnitude and caliber, it cannot expect the product to be thumped out at met feedlines. This project is as much the Council's project as it is ours. As a matter of fact, it was suggested by the Council, and I think as authors we have every right to expect that the Council will give us all necessary support.

On the financial and, I don't know what to say. The sum that you are now paying Gleason and myself is the merest pittance considering the sacrifices we are making. I had hoped that the Council would not expect two man already very heavily burdened with very exacting government work to spend every scrap of spare time on this project without at least a token payment, but your Committee will have to decide what it wants to do about this.

About all I can say is that when you strike an aggrieved tone in your letter it tends to get my back up. Gleason and I are the ones who have actually carried the very heavy burden on this project, and it is highly disappointing to us, to say the least, to find that there is apparently so little recognition of our efforts on the part of the Council.

Very sincerely yours, (signed) William L. Langer William L. Langer. COPY

BOOM STORY S

School of Historical Studies
The Institute for Advanced Study
Frinceton, New Jersey

September 29, 1950

Dear Dog:

STAT

This is with further reference to the Langer-Gleason manuscript which was the subject of my letter to you of September 12.

Of the nineteen chapters of the manuscript which are at my disposal (totalling, incidentally, over 1,100 pages) I have read all but Chapters 17 and 18, dealing with Fer Eastern and Latin American matters respectively. These I hope to complete over the weekend. That is enough, I think, to enable me to write to you about the manuscript.

There is no question in my mind but that this is a major contribution to United States diplomatic history as well as to the history of World War II. I think Langer and Gleason have done a tremendous job of historical research and analysis, and that the results are excellently presented: thoughtfully, simply, and objectively. I will write Gleason about it as soon as I have finished the other two chapters.

In its descriptions of the motives and actions of our own Government the document seems to me to be entirely dispassionate and as accurate as the available material permits. I could not find anything in the volume which seemed to me to be unfair to the Government, in the light of the record. Neither was I able to note anything which seems to me to contain a possibility of embarrassing the Government at this time. One can never be sure about these things, for it's amazing what ingenuity people can develop in finding grounds for reproaches to their own government. But this risk does not seem to me significant. All in all, I think it redounds to the credit of our country that a work of this nature, dealing as openly and factually as it does with the deficiencies in our own conduct during that period, should have appeared in this country. I don't believe that anything quite comparable to it has appeared anywhere else - not even Churchill's memoirs which, valuable as they are, seem to me to be based on a much narrower foundation of material.

I take it that there are more chapters coming, and, if so, I hope they will be sent to me. The closer that the narrative comes to the present time, the more it will warrant careful examination from the standpoint of the Department.

* * * * * *

Very sincerely,

Mr. H. Freeman Matthews Deputy Under Secretary of State Washington, D. C. /sgd/ GEORGE KENNAN
George F. Kennan

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BY HAND

Allen W. Dulles, Esq. 239 East 61st Street

COUNCIL ON FOREIGN RELATIONS Study Group on Aid to Europe

Twentieth Meeting, 12-11-50

General Dwight D. Eisenhower, Chairman

✓ Hamilton Fish Armstrong

Allen W. Dulles

Edward Mead Earle

George S. Franklin, Jr.

Edwin C. Hoyt, Jr.

Walter H. Mallory

- / Stacy May
- / Philip D. Reed
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